UNDERSTANDING FEMALE PELVIC ANATOMY IN 3D
USER’S MANUAL
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If you are looking at the version of this manual included with the DVD, it may not be the most current. To double-check on this, go to my website: <www.midwiferybooks.com/anatomy_users_manual.pdf>. There you will find a link that takes you right to the manual posted on my website, and the file date will be shown. The help screen in the interactive 3D pelvic anatomy tool also points you to the website for this manual, just in case there is a more recent version posted there. <www.midwiferybooks.com/anatomy_users_manual.pdf>

Version date: August 2, 2013
INTRODUCTION

The programs on this DVD represent four years of weekly work sessions beginning in March 2007 and ending in April of 2011. They were inspired by the dearth of illustrations depicting the most current understandings of female pelvic soft tissue arrangements. In researching the 6th edition of HEALING PASSAGE I found out many new things about female pelvic anatomy that were either not explained or illustrated in textbooks or poorly explained in the few that did try to include more recent information. No textbook that I could find to date even attempted to show the pelvic floor muscles as they are in life–uplifted–rather than sagging in a bowl shape, as they do after death due to lack of muscle tone. As a result, I was inspired to create these tools as a way to help students, teachers and practitioners better understand this anatomy. Please remember that, while I did exhaustive research and have done my best to depict each part accurately, the work that is being done to understand these new concepts is continuing. Therefore there may be mistakes in these presentations that will have to be corrected in future versions. Nevertheless, I believe I have created a useful and unique pair of tools that will be of benefit to the midwifery and obstetric communities. I hope you find them helpful.

Anne Frye
May 20, 2013
GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE 3D ANATOMY DVD

The material on the 3D Anatomy DVD has been designed to accompany the 6th edition of the text Healing Passage: A Midwife’s Guide to the Care and Repair of the Tissues Involved in Birth, by Anne Frye. The tools on the DVD augment the information found in the Anatomy section of the text, but do not stand alone. For complete information, reference to the anatomy portion of the text is essential. If you need a copy of the text, it may be obtained by visiting the website: www.midwiferybooks.com. This DVD is sold separately from the text and the anatomy portion of the text is included so that it will be useful to all types of students of female pelvic anatomy.

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Printing of PDF files: This DVD contains a PDF file of the user’s manual as well as a copy of the anatomy portion of my text HEALING PASSAGE. You may print a copy of the user’s manual. You
may want to print it in color, as it contains a few color screen images.

The anatomy portion of the text is formatted to prevent inadvertent alteration. It is also indexed and typos that appear in the print version have been corrected. It can be searched, moved to a computer or tablet for reading on screen and the licensee is allowed to print one copy for personal use only. It should not be duplicated or otherwise shared with others in any manner for any purpose. If your one copy becomes lost or destroyed, you may print out another copy for your personal use.

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**What is on the Female Anatomy in 3D DVD**

This DVD presents two e-learning tools consisting of a series of five brief films or vignettes, introducing selected regions of female pelvic soft tissue anatomy and an interactive program to study selected individual parts of the female pelvic anatomy in virtual 3D. There is also a copy of this user manual as a PDF file. Any revisions will be noted in the file that can be found on my website by clicking on the link to the file shown in the About window.

Finally, there is a PDF file of the anatomy portion of the Healing Passage textbook on the disk. This is included so that anatomy students who are not maternity care specialists can have access to this part of the text as an adjunct to learning. It cannot be printed out but can be copied to a computer or tablet for display.

**Minimum System Requirements**

- PC Operating system (incl. 64-bit): Windows 8, Windows 7 (SP 1), Vista (SP2), Windows XP (SP2)
- MAC computer built from 2006 on (with Intel processor) using Boot Camp or other Windows compatibility software that allows booting with any of the above Windows operating systems
- PC with a Pentium 4, 1.5 processor
- 512 MB RAM
- 50 MB available disk space
- 800×600 screen resolution, 24-bit color
- Real-time 3D graphics card with Direct X9 (3D9) or greater & Shader model 1.1
- DVD drive
- Manual input capability (i.e., mouse, trackball or tablet)
- Internet access (for installation and to download current version of User’s Manual only)

There are no returns on an opened Anatomy DVD package because there is no way to verify if the program has been installed or not. To avoid disappointment, I have included details below about how to tell if your computer system is likely to be compatible with the program. The following notes are far beyond what other companies offer to try and help ensure compatibility and are provided for your convenience.

Minimum requirements mean that the program installed and worked as expected on a computer that was configured and had hardware matching these specifications. PLEASE NOTE THAT NOTHING CAN GUARANTEE that your system will be fully compatible until the program has been installed, as numerous unpredictable variables come into play with each computer. However, chances are excellent that, if your system meets these criteria, the program will work as expected.

This detailed checklist explains how to determine if your system meets the above listed minimum criteria to run the Interactive Pelvic Anatomy software:

- You will need one of these operating systems:
• Windows 8
• Windows 7 with Service Pack 1 or above
• Windows Vista with Service Pack 2
• Windows XP with Service Pack 2

NOTE: The program was tested and worked as expected on each of these operating systems prior to release. However, I have no control over any changes that Microsoft may make to any of these operating systems that may render them incompatible.

• Macintosh computer built in 2006 or later (i.e., that have an Intel processor) using Boot Camp or other Windows compatibility software with any of the above Windows operating systems installed in a dual boot configuration; otherwise this program will not run on an Apple computer. (While there are programs that can be directly installed on a MAC that will allow you to run certain Windows programs without having to have Windows installed, such configurations have NOT been tested with this DVD.)

• PC with a Pentium 4, 1.5 GHz core processing unit (CPU) or equivalent (or a MAC with an Intel processor; which should be true for any MAC built after 2005 [2006 or later])

• 512 MB RAM (Random Access Memory)

NOTE: This just happens to be the amount of RAM on the oldest and least sophisticated computer on which we tested the program; it may work just fine with fewer MB but this hasn’t been tested. If you don’t have enough RAM, you will need to confirm how much RAM your computer can take. Windows XP will not work with more than 2 GB RAM. Fortunately, if you need more RAM, it is not that expensive and is easy to install, just make sure it matches the type you already have. You can check your computer motherboard manual for details about the type of RAM you need. If you don’t have the manual, you can look at the RAM chips already installed to see what kind they are. You can also decide its time to buy a new system, because if you have less than a GB of RAM that means you have a pretty old computer.

NOTE: To check on your type of CPU and the amount of RAM, click on START, then CONTROL PANEL, then SYSTEM. These details appear in the center of the window. The Pentium 4 core processor was introduced in November of 2000 and sold until August of 2008. Any CPU made after 2000 will probably work just fine to run the program but most have not been tested.

• At least 50 MB of available hard drive space

NOTE: To check how much free space you have on your PC hard drive, click on START, then COMPUTER (or MY COMPUTER), then right click on the C drive icon. A drop-down menu should appear. At the bottom of the list choose PROPERTIES. The free space is listed above the drive graphic.

• Screen resolution of at least 800 × 600 (however, the higher the resolution, the more smoothly the program will work and the brighter and crisper the graphics will appear), with at least 24-bit color (This measurement refers to color depth, which is the number of color values that can be
assigned to a single pixel in an image. Color depth can range from 1-bit [black-and-white] to 32-bits [over 16.7 million colors]).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MONITOR TYPE &amp; SIZE</th>
<th>RECOMMENDED SCREEN RESOLUTION</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CRT 15 inch</td>
<td>1024 x 1024</td>
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<tr>
<td>CRT 17 to 19 inch</td>
<td>1280 x 1024</td>
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<tr>
<td>CRT 20 inch or larger</td>
<td>1600 x 1200</td>
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<tr>
<td>LCD 19 inch standard ratio</td>
<td>1280 x 1024</td>
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<tr>
<td>LCD 10-22 inch widescreen</td>
<td>2680 x 1050</td>
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<tr>
<td>LCD 24-inch widescreen</td>
<td>1920 x 1200</td>
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<tr>
<td>Laptop 13-15 inch standard ratio</td>
<td>1400 x 1050</td>
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<tr>
<td>Laptop 13-15 inch widescreen</td>
<td>1280 x 800</td>
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<tr>
<td>Laptop 17 inch widescreen</td>
<td>1680 x 1050</td>
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</table>

**NOTE:** To check screen resolution and the ##-bits of color you are running on your PC:

- Go to START, CONTROL PANEL, DISPLAY (Or go to the START menu, click on HELP & SUPPORT and enter “adjust display settings” in the search bar, click ENTER)
- In Windows XP, select the SETTINGS tab on the far right, look around for the resolution and ##-bit color. If the color is set at 16-bit, try to change it to 24-bit, you may have to raise the screen resolution to do so (see table above).
- In Windows 7, you go through the same steps but note that the “edit display” window looks quite different than in older versions of Windows. The screen resolution drop down menu will appear in the center of the first window. To find out the ##-bit color type, click on ADVANCED SETTINGS, and then click the Monitor tab. Under Colors, select True Color (32-bit), and then click OK. (If it won’t let you select at least 24-bit color [32-bit is fine too], check that your resolution is set to the optimal level and then try again.)

- Real-time 3D graphics video card that is compatible with the following Microsoft OS software utilities:
  - Direct X9 (3D 9) or greater
  - Shader model 1.1 or greater
  (An ATI Radion 9800 Pro video card works, which was released in 2003)

**NOTE:** The video card is probably the most critical piece of hardware. While the vignettes should play on any computer that has a DVD player with media software installed, the 3D graphics in the program are a bit more demanding. The program is formatted like a very simple 3D game.
Newer PC computers running Windows 7 or later should all have video cards and other hardware that supports the necessary graphics capabilities. Most PCs built after 2002 should support the necessary graphics. MAC computers that were manufactured in 2006 or later will have graphics cards that have this capability.

To find out if your PC computer supports Direct X9 (3D 9) or greater:
1. Open your START menu by clicking on your start button.
2. In Windows 7 type “dxdiag” in the search bar and click ENTER. (In older versions of Windows or Vista, you may have to type “dxdiag” in the “Search programs and files” bar and then click ENTER; this will open the DirectX Diagnostic Tool.)
3. In Windows 7, in the search findings, click on DxDiax under “programs” to open the tool. (In older versions, the DxDiax window should open up on its own. Click the Display tab and check your graphics card details under the Device heading and look through the list for “DirectX version.” It must be 9 or greater.)
4. In Windows 7, the DxDiax window opens with the system tab displayed. Look at the bottom of the list for the DirectX version. It must be 9 or greater.
5. The Shader model feature is linked to Direct X. Most video graphics cards equipped with DirectX9 have Shader model 2.0 on board.

• DVD drive to install directly from the DVD. The files names can also be viewed on a computer that does have a DVD player and then copied to and installed from a flash (stick or thumb) drive.

• Manual input device such as a mouse or trackball.

• Internet connection (for installation and to check for updates to the User’s Manual only).

NOTE: An internet connection allows the installer to download missing files that you may need for the program to run on your computer. It also allows you to access the online version of the user manual and the latest version of Adobe Acrobat Reader.

If your computer drive cannot play a DVD: If none of your computer drives can read a DVD you will not be able to use the DVD to install the 3D Anatomy Tool or to view the vignettes on your computer. You may copy the Interactive 3D Pelvic Anatomy program zip file to a CD or a flash (aka stick or thumb) drive using someone else’s computer so that you can download it to your machine.

TO PLAY THE VIGNETTES ON YOUR COMPUTER

This disk contains both the interactive anatomy program files and the vignettes as DVD content, so it is a little more complexly formatted than most DVDs. To play the DVD, go to the DVD software on your computer and use it as you normally would. If you are not sure how to do that, or if that doesn’t work as you expect, follow these instructions.

WINDOWS 8: The program will install in Windows 8 and the vignettes will play, however I have not had an opportunity to sit down the Windows 8 to write down detailed instructions. It should be pretty automatic.
WINDOWS 7: Place the DVD in the drive. The vignettes will probably launch on their own. If not, go to the START Menu. Click on COMPUTER. This should open a window that shows a list of drives attached to your computer. If something else is displayed, click on the word COMPUTER in the left-hand column to bring up this list. Locate the DVD drive and wait till it displays “female pelvic anatomy,” indicating that your computer has recognized the DVD.

Right click on this drive. A drop-down menu will appear. Find the “open autoplay” option and click on it. An window specific to the DVD will pop up (it may appear behind other windows. If so, you may need to minimize and/or move other windows aside to find it). Click on “play DVD movie.” This should automatically start your DVD software.

WINDOWS VISTA: Place the DVD in the drive. In VISTA, the DVD may default to the DVD portion of the disk. If it does, it may open your media software and display the DVD menu. If this happens, your all set. Proceed to play the DVD as you normally would. It that does not happen, go to the start menu, choose COMPUTER and find the DVD drive. It should say “female pelvic anatomy.” Right-click on the DVD icon, then click on “play” to open the DVD portion of the disk.

WINDOWS XP: Place the DVD in the drive. In XP, the DVD defaults to program installation. Therefore, once your computer has recognized the DVD, it is likely that another window will open. It may ask about installing XNA Framework, or state that it cannot start the application due to it being installed in a different location. Regardless, just click the X in the upper right hand corner to exit this window. A little window may appear asking if you want to exit setup. If it does, click “ok.” Once all the pop-up windows are gone, go to your start menu, click on MY COMPUTER, find your DVD drive (which should now read “female pelvic anatomy”). Right click on this drive and choose “play”. (Note: do not choose “autoplay” as that will reinitiate the install process for the interactive anatomy program.). Choosing “play” should take you right into your DVD player software and to the menu for the vignettes.

SIMPLIFIED INSTALLATION NOTES FOR THE INTERACTIVE PELVIC ANATOMY PROGRAM

These notes should be sufficient if you are running Windows 7.

1. Turn on your computer and close any open applications.
2. If the anatomy program is already on your computer, delete it before proceeding.
3. If this is a first-time install, create a restore point (see Windows Help and Support for instructions).
4. Ensure that your internet connection is operable.
5. Turn off your antivirus software.
6. Place the DVD in the disc drive.
7. The vignettes may start playing automatically. If so, close out of any multimedia windows that may open.
8. The installation process should launch automatically. If it does not, open the DVD menu, open the “Installer” folder and click on “setup.” The program should now proceed with the install.
9. If you are working in Windows 7 and a window pops up that says “the program may not have installed correctly,” ignore it and close the window (this is a bug in Windows 7).
10. The install process will conclude with the program opening automatically, indicating that it has
installed correctly.
11. Turn on your antivirus software.
15. Double check the operation of other applications to ensure that all is working as it should.

If this process did not go as described or you want more hand-holding, please read the much more detailed installation notes that follow.

**DETAILED INSTALLATION NOTES FOR THE INTERACTIVE PELVIC ANATOMY PROGRAM**

To install the Interactive 3D Pelvic Anatomy program for the first time:

1. Turn on your computer.
2. Close any programs that may be running. Press CTRL-ALT-DELETE together to access the task manager, where you will see a list of programs that are running. Carefully look down the list and close all other programs.
3. If this is a reinstall, delete the anatomy program from your computer before reinstalling it.
4. If this is a first-time install create a system restore point for your computer before installing any new software (Windows 8, 7, Vista and XP all have this feature). Check the Windows Help and Support files of your operating system to learn more about this feature. This is always a wise precaution. By creating a restore point first, you will be able to return your system to the state it was in before a program was installed, should any problems result from the installation. I STRONGLY ENCOURAGE YOU TO SET A RESTORE POINT BEFORE PROCEEDING.
5. Ensure that your internet connection is up and running.
6. Turn off your virus protection software.
7. Insert the DVD in your DVD drive.
8. WINDOWS 7: A window that says something like “DVD RW drive (#:) Female pelvic anatomy” may appear that offers you a choice of options. Be aware that you may have to close other windows to find this box. If this window appears, click on “run setup.exe.”
9. WINDOWS XP and VISTA: A window may appear notifying you that FRAMEWORK needs to be installed, this occurs because the DVD has defaulted to the “setup.exe” for installing the program. Follow the instructions.
10. If no window appears, go to your START menu, click on COMPUTER (in XP it is MY COMPUTER) and find your DVD drive. Right click on the icon and then click on “open.” Find the INSTALLER folder and double click on it. Then double click the “setup” file to begin the installation process.
11. At this point you’ll likely get a window saying the publisher cannot be verified (this occurs because Tinderbox Entertainment is not registered with Microsoft). Click on “run.”
12. One way or another, once setup begins, it should proceed pretty much automatically. The program will check your system to determine if your utility software meets the minimum criteria for the program to run properly. If not, it will let you know what is needed to do so.

**Issues that might arise:**

**You need a new version of Framework:** The most likely issue will be that you are missing the required version of XNA Framework Redistributable 3.1, a Microsoft utility file. If so, you must first accept the Microsoft licensing agreement. Then you will confirm that you
want it to be installed and the program will automatically go to the web, download the file and install it for you. Please note, Framework may take as long as 20 minutes to install, especially on older versions of Windows; during this time the progress bar may not indicate that anything is happening until a window pops up that says Framework has been installed.

**NOTE:** It is possible that installing the new Framework file could interfere with how an older version of a program already installed on your computer works, but in most instances, programs do not require framework files and it should not cause any problems. Once the install process has completed, check to make sure your other programs are working correctly, while doing so do not alter any important files. If a problem is detected and you have created a restore point, it should be easy to take care of it by returning your system to its previous state. However, the 3D anatomy program cannot run without this version of Framework. If Framework causes problems, you will need to consult a computer and Microsoft expert. *There are no Microsoft experts on staff at Labrys Press.*

**If Framework will not install:** On rare occasions, all is going well but Framework refuses to install. You can try rebooting your system and starting over from number 1 above. If that doesn’t work, you will need to contact a computer-savvy expert to troubleshoot why your particular system is not cooperating. I cannot help you with this, as I am not a Microsoft expert. The program cannot run without this file. You should still be able to play the vignettes.

**Your graphics card is incompatible:** During the install process or after it is done, when the program tries to open, you may receive an error message along the lines of “The graphics card must have a direct 3D 9 level driver and support pixel shader 1.1 and vertex shader 1.1.” This means your graphics card does not meet the minimum requirements of the program.

If you must go shopping for a graphics card, ask the salesperson or call the manufacturer of any card you are considering to make sure it is compatible. Any card designed to handle basic 3D gaming should have the features listed above and new cards available today probably have this capability. You should be able to find a suitable card for a very reasonable price. If you must swap out your graphics card, make sure your motherboard is compatible with the new card. A computer expert should be able to verify that it will work. Once the new card is in place, you should uninstall and reinstall the anatomy program so that it properly recognizes the new card.

13. **Finishing installation:** After the download and installation of Framework is complete, installation of the program should proceed semi-automatically and will be over in a jiffy (there may be another window or two in which you must click ok, so don’t leave). If nothing happens, you may need to click on the setup file again to install the program (see step 10 above). A window may appear that says the publisher cannot be verified (this occurs because Tinderbox Entertainment is not registered with Microsoft). If this happens, click on “install.” In Windows 7, at some point during installation, you may see a window that says that the program may not have installed correctly, this seems to be a glitch in Windows 7. This appears in error, since the program has not yet been installed. Simply click the X in the upper right hand corner of this box to exit this window. The program should then install and open automatically, indicating success. A shortcut with a pelvis
icon will be added to your desktop and a link entitled “Labrys Press–Pelvic Anatomy” will appear in your start menu. The drop down menu associated with the start menu link will have a link to the program entitled “Interactive 3D Pelvic Anatomy” as well as a live web link to the most current online version of this User’s Manual entitled “Interactive 3D Pelvic Anatomy online support.”

14. Turn your virus protection software back on.
15. Remember to double check the operation of other applications to ensure that all is working as it should in conjunction with the new Framework file.

**REINSTALLING THE PROGRAM:**

If you already have any version of this program on your computer, it must be removed before a new version can be installed. Do this by going to the start menu, clicking on Control Panel and choosing “Programs and Features” in Windows & or 8 or “Add or Remove Programs” in Windows XP. Find the interactive pelvic anatomy program, click on it and choose uninstall. Check the Windows “Help and Support” files if you have more questions about uninstalling a program.

**CUSTOMER SUPPORT**

Any customer support from Labrys Press will be provided by myself, as this is a one-woman business. The manual has a thorough explanation of how to use the tools on the DVD and it is expected that you will have read the manual in its entirety before you call. Customer support for the interactive anatomy program is limited to issues directly related to using the program once it is successfully installed. The program is pretty simple and once installed, will either open or not, depending upon whether your computer hardware will support 3D graphics.

If Framework causes problems, and you have set a restore point, it should be an easy matter to recover your system to the condition it was in before you did anything, just look in Help and Support in Windows and follow those instructions. If that doesn’t work or you did not bother to set a system restore point, you will need to consult a computer expert who is knowledgeable about Microsoft products to resolve the issue. In such cases, it is likely that the new version of Framework will have to be completely removed from your system. Do not attempt to do this yourself and I cannot help you as I am not a Microsoft expert. You will need to consult a computer expert.
VIGNETTES INTRODUCING SOFT TISSUE REGIONS OF THE FEMALE PELVIS

Five scripted vignettes presented in virtual 3D color graphics introduce selected soft tissue regions of the female pelvis. These vignettes are organized in the same order that each group of parts is discussed in the text. The descriptions on the DVD provide an overview of each of these regions, which are fully explained in the text. The vignettes introduce the shapes of the parts, how they are situated in the pelvis and how they relate to certain adjacent parts. They are intended to enhance your understanding of each region in 3-dimensions. As you study, reference to the drawings in the book along with reference to the images on the DVD should help you grasp the shape of each part more clearly.

DETAILS ABOUT PLAYING AND VIEWING THE VIGNETTES

The regions discussed
These vignettes will be most useful if you sit at your computer before you read about each part or region and play the appropriate vignette. The five soft tissue regions described in the vignettes and the relevant page numbers where they are discussed in the text are as follows:
1. Urethrovaginal sphincter muscle complex, pp. 53-57
2. Perineal membrane connective tissue complex, pp. 57-60
3. Clitoral complex, pp. 60-70
4. Levator ani muscle complex, pp. 75-93
5. External anal sphincter, pp. 94-110

In private study, the vignettes should be used in conjunction with the interactive program.

Depiction of anatomical parts
This material does not depict the complete anatomy of the pelvis. Rather, it emphasizes anatomy that is not well explained or illustrated in the mainstream literature, for which there is new information and for which 3D modeling greatly enhances understanding. All anatomical parts are shown as graphic representation; no attempt has been made to depict them as real tissue. This is to emphasize their shape, location and relationship to each other and to make them easier to identify separately. Each part is given a specific color. Texturing has been left out to simplify the images. For more details on the creation of the model parts, see “Comments on each vignette” on page 23 and “Notes on selected model parts,” on page 39.

Vocabulary
I expect that this DVD will be viewed by diverse individual students as well as audiences in academic settings where no time will be taken to explain vocabulary revisions such as those that appear in the text (for example, the use of the Sanscrit word “yoni,” which means sacred space, the source of all life, to replace the Latin derived term “vagina,” which means sheath for a sword). I also expect that there will be times when the first language of the viewers will not be English. For these reasons, standard English medical terminology has been used on the DVD.
Closed captioning
The vignettes have been closed captioned to accommodate those that are hearing impaired. The captions cannot be turned off.

Playing the vignettes on a computer
You must have a disk player that can play a DVD. All new computers come with a combination CD/DVD reader, however many older computers do not have the capability to read a DVD. If your computer has a CD/DVD reader, you should be able to view the vignettes right away, no additional software is required. To view the entire series of vignettes click PLAY ALL. To view an individual vignette or the introductory information and credits, click on the appropriate icon.

Playing the vignettes on a television
If you cannot play a DVD on your computer, you can probably play it on your DVD player that you use with your TV. Newer DVD players should be able to play the vignette portion of this disc just fine. Insert the disk and choose what you want to view just as you would with any movie on any DVD.

Repeat play (looping)
Each individual vignette (or the entire series of vignettes if you choose “play all”) are set to “loop,” that is, each will play to the end and then restart until you interrupt them.

Comments on each vignette
These two learning tools represents one of the most complete and detailed presentations on female pelvic soft tissue anatomy that is available anywhere. Exhaustive research went into this work and every effort has been made to accurately represent each part. However, since the study of this anatomy in living women is ongoing, since there are wide variations in normal anatomy among individual women and since drawings of the newer understandings in the literature are very limited, there may be mistakes that need to be corrected in future versions as more is understood.

The following comments refer only to the parts as depicted on the DVD, some of which, you will notice, have been reproduced as drawings in the text. Please read about each anatomic region in the text to gain a more complete understanding.

Vignette 1: Urethrovaginal Sphincter Muscle Complex
These muscles are quite interwoven with connective tissues and are nowhere near this distinct in life. There was no good description of how close the urethrovaginal sphincter was to the skin surface, so this is my best guess based on all available descriptions. You will note that three primary muscles are mentioned and that four groups of muscle fibers are displayed: the transverse muscle fibers are often left out of the few descriptions that are in the literature at present, but were described by Oelrich (1983), the anatomist who put these parts on the map so to speak, so they are shown here.

Vignette 2: Perineal Membrane Connective Tissue Complex
This connective tissue is spread throughout the region of the anterior triangle and is not the distinct shape you see in the DVD. The model shape does, however, more or less demarcate the
region filled by the connective tissue characterized as the perineal membrane and roughly its dimensions. This connective tissue cannot be dissected as a discrete anatomical part, which is what makes it so hard to draw and to visualize.

**Vignette 3: Clitoral Complex**

The clitoral complex includes the parts shown in this vignette but may include others, such as the greater vestibular glands, that are not traditionally considered a part of the clitoral complex. These models are based on MRI studies of living women, and therefore the shape and size of the clitoral bulbs is much larger than is usually illustrated. The primary purpose of this vignette is to show the relationship between the primary clitoral parts and the rest of the pelvic anatomy, particularly the bony pelvis.

**Vignette 4: Levator Ani Muscle Complex**

Creating the levator ani muscle complex was, by far, the most challenging part of this project. The only way to see the muscles uplifted, as they are in life, is with MRI images, which are not very easy to translate into a 3D model. Photographs and drawings of dissected cadaver parts are not helpful, as the shape is so different in life. We therefore spent many of the months it took to produce this DVD working on these parts. The result is a composite shape that was derived from studying a number of different articles and other sources, primarily consisting of the best MRI studies and descriptions that I could find, the very few drawings that have been done in an attempt to illustrate the uplifted shape as well as drawings of the dead tissue and reference to a number of anatomical descriptions. Weeding through all this and settling on the shape was a daunting task. It is important to keep in mind that the size of the attachment points, the actual shape and the degree of uplift of the muscles varies quite a bit among individual women. Many of these variations are discussed in the text. The idealized composite model presented here gives you only a general idea of what it might look like, but well illustrates that the shape is much different than the bowl shape that has traditionally been described.

**Vignette 5: External Anal Sphincter**

The structure of the external anal sphincter in women is quite a bit different than it is in men. The description in the text combines information primarily from two contemporary studies, Hsu and colleagues, 2005 (see text, pp. 98-100) and Shafik and associates, 2007a (see text, p. 100). Hsu et al., describe the three primary parts of the external anal sphincter in women, emphasizing the gap in the uppermost (winged) part. Shafik et al., offers the best description of the subcutaneous fibers that reach all the way up through the perineal body and blend with those of the bulbocavernosus muscle, causing what have been traditionally considered to be two parts to function as one.
VIGNETTE 1: URETHROVAGINAL SPHINCTER MUSCLE COMPLEX

The urethrovaginal sphincter muscle complex consists of three primary muscles. The deepest of these is the urethral sphincter,

(image: bladder, urethra, vagina and urethral sphincter)

the upper border of which blends with the muscle of the bladder wall. Next, the compressor urethra

(image: to above, add compressor urethra and angle slowly)

passes over the urethra and each of its ends extend a variable distance toward the ischial tuberosity on either side. Between the medial surface of the compressor urethra and the anterolateral vaginal wall there are transverse muscle fibers that connect the two and provide stabilization. Lastly, the urethrovaginal sphincter muscle encircles both the urethra and the vagina and thus passes through the perineal body.

(image: to above add urethrovaginal sphincter and move to the side)
VIGNETTE 2: PERINEAL MEMBRANE CONNECTIVE TISSUE COMPLEX

The perineal membrane connective tissue complex has two parts

(IMAGE: both parts shown)

that support other structures of the anterior triangle. The ventral part is 3-dimensional and houses the upper parts of the urethrovaginal sphincter muscle complex.

(IMAGE: UVSM complex with 3-D part of perineal membrane)

The dorsal part consists of two thinner bands that reach from the vaginal walls to the pubic rami. A small bridge of perineal membrane underlies the vaginal canal, contributing to the central structures of the perineal body. Here we see the perineal membrane complex and embedded parts in the pelvis.

VIGNETTE 3: CLITORAL COMPLEX

The clitoral complex consists of several parts. The clitoral glans, body and crura are attached to the pubic arch.

(IMAGE: Pelvis, vagina, urethra and bladder with clitoral glans, body and crura under pubic arch and move to the side to show how the clitoris projects)

The tips of the clitoral bulbs are connected underneath the clitoral body at the root of the clitoris. Clitoral circulatory vessels, called the perineal sponge are found within the perineal body.

(IMAGE: Add clitoral bulbs and perineal sponge)

The ischiocavernosus muscles overlie the crura for a variable distance, usually covering 4/5ths of their length.

(IMAGE: Add ischiocavernosus muscles to above)

The bulbocavernosus muscles cover the clitoral bulbs.

(IMAGE: Add bulbocavernosus muscles to above)

Note that most of the clitoral structures project beyond the boundaries of the pubic bones into the soft tissues of the vulva.
VI\NGETTE 4: LEVATOR ANI MUSCLE COMPLEX

The pelvic muscles support the abdominal organs and assist in the function of the clitoris and reproductive organs. We will take a close look at those muscles that are most difficult to visualize, the levator ani muscle complex, which lies behind the more superficial structures of the pelvic cavity and is often referred to collectively as the pelvic floor.

For centuries, our understanding of the levator ani muscles has been limited because, in cadavers, the muscles collapse into a bowl shape, as you see here.

Thanks to MRI studies, we now know that, during life the muscles assume a much different shape, because they retain tone when at rest.

To understand the shape of the pelvic floor in life, imagine that the side-walls of the bowl have been pushed up from below, so that they become convexly curved,

converting the bowl into a U-shaped funnel with dome-shaped sides. The U-shaped part hugs the urethral, vaginal and rectal canals. The domed sides serve as the primary diaphragm of the pelvis, closing the pelvic cavity.

We will begin by describing the midline muscles first. The most central component of the levator ani complex is the pubococcygeus muscle, which many researchers now refer to as the Pubovisceral muscle because most of its function is contributed by fibers that attach to organs, rather than those few that attach to the coccyx

The pubovisceral muscle is really a complex of tissues that has several different parts or subdivisions, each named separately. The main body of the pubovisceral complex is a U-shaped layer that arises on the inside of the pubic bone along a convexly curved line of origin.

This U-shaped part is called the puboanalis
and fits into the pelvis like this.

Its two halves pass back behind the rectum, where its fibers form a ridge as they join in the midline. The fibers of the puboanalisis layer pass continuously from the pubic bone to form a cuff of fibers that surround the anal canal.

This cuff of fibers contributes to those making up the longitudinal anal muscle and assists in maintaining the anorectal angle as well as other anorectal functions.

The upper fibers of the U-shaped part constitute the true pubococcygeal component. These fibers pass continuously from the pubic bone along the upper edge of the puboanalisis part, extending a tail that attaches to the inside surface of the coccyx. This tail is classically referred to as the tendinous plate of the pubococcygeus muscle.

Along the inside of the more anterior end of the puboanalisis muscle, two vaginolevator attachments link the vaginal wall to the muscle belly.

These attachments provide support for the upper urethra and the vagina.

The part of the puboanalisis muscle that spans between the pubic bone and these attachments is often referred to as the pubovaginalis muscle.

The final part of the pubovisceral complex consists of a narrow strap of fibers called the puboperinealis muscle, which originates at the pubic bone and wraps under the vaginal canal, where these fibers contribute to the tissues of the perineal body.
The midline, U-shaped area formed by the puboanalis part is called the anourethral hiatus, where the muscle hugs the rectal, vaginal and urethral canals, helping to keep the pelvic organs aligned and properly supported.

The second midline levator ani muscle is the puborectalis. It forms a rounded, U-shaped sling that originates adjacent to the origin of the puboperinealis muscle. The puborectalis muscle attaches along the lower border of the puboanalis part and wraps continuously behind the rectal canal.

Adjacent to the levator ani complex, the obturator internus muscles line the pelvic sidewalls.

Their overlying parietal fascia has a line of condensed connective tissue called the tendinous arch of the levator ani on either side.

This line runs along the anterolateral pelvic sidewall and ends just in front of the ischial spines.

The iliococcygeus is the widest muscle in the Levator ani complex, making up the main diaphragmatic component.

Each half arises from the tendinous arch of the levator ani on either side,
Lastly, the coccygeus muscles reach from the posterior side of the ischial spines to connect on either side of the lower sacrum and coccyx, closing off the most posterior part of the pelvic cavity.

(IMAGE: To last image is added the coccygeus muscles in pelvis with rotation)

Here we see the complete levator ani muscle complex at rest,

(IMAGE: Composite muscles [no pelvis] rotating)

and here we see the levator ani muscles with the urethral, vaginal and anorectal canals in place.

(IMAGE: Composite of muscle complex with canals and rotate)

Here we see all these parts within the pelvis, first with the sacrum and pubic bone removed,

(IMAGE: show composite of all and rotate, somersault slowly, then tumble and rotate at an oblique angle)

and now with the complete pelvis in the standing position.

VIGNETTE 5: EXTERNAL ANAL SPHINCTER

The external anal sphincter has three parts. In women, the deepest part has been said to have wings because it forms a U shaped sling behind the anal canal and sends stabilizing fibers to the pubic rami on either side.

(IMAGE: Show U-shaped part by itself and then in the pelvis, with rectal canal).

Next, the main part of the sphincter encircles the anal canal and sends a few fibers back that attach to the coccyx.

(IMAGE: add main part of sphincter to above)

Finally the subcutaneous external sphincter forms the most shallow part.

(IMAGE: show subcutaneous part with above)

This part sends fibers straight up through the perineal body that divide as they reach the level of the introitus and then blend with those of the bulbocavernosus muscle, causing these muscles to function together. It also sends a few fibers back that attach to the coccyx.

(IMAGE: show bulbocavernosus and subcutaneous sphincter connection)
Here we see the anorectal canal with the entire external sphincter complex within the pelvis, including the link between the subcutaneous part and the bulbocavernosus muscle.

(IMAGE: Rectum and all parts of the external sphincter with bulbocavernosus muscle)

3D computer modeling, animation, video editing and music by Bev Standish.
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END
INTERACTIVE 3D PELVIC ANATOMY PROGRAM E-LEARNING TOOL

This interactive anatomy learning/teaching tool consists of 48 individually modeled anatomical parts that were created for the vignettes. These models, some of which are variations of a particular part, can be selected individually, in regional groups, or in whatever combination you find useful.

After doing some research, it appears that this tool is one of the most detailed and interactive of its kind. It stands alone in terms of easy-to-see, graphic depiction of the parts. Nothing else has so much clearly visible detail of the parts included that is based on the current understanding of female pelvic soft tissue anatomy in living women. It allows a great deal of flexibility in the selection, positioning and viewing of the parts.

USING THE PROGRAM

This program is not difficult to master. By reading through the following instructions as you practice, you will quickly learn to manipulate the parts.

Familiarizing Yourself with the Screen

The window consists of a list and a viewport.

List to the Left of the Screen

The list on your left has several features, from left to right, as follows:

Scroll bar: On the far left is the scroll bar. It consists of a narrow grey vertical strip. A little scroll tool can be moved up and down the list with your mouse to find a particular part. You can also click on the grey area to cause the scroll tool to move to that point on the bar.

Speaker: To the right of the scroll bar most entries have a speaker symbol that can be activated by placing your cursor over the icon and left clicking your mouse to hear the part name or phrase pronounced. For the benefit of those for whom English is a second language, all the written words are spoken, including the commonly used words. No pronunciation is offered for those entries that include only commonly used words.

Check box: Next in line is a square check box that is used to select or deselect the adjacent part or region. This is done by left clicking the box with your mouse.

Anatomical part: Anatomical parts are presented in a list that is grouped by related parts or regions (some of these names are too long for the list and will appear as a fly-out when the cursor is placed over the name). The names are in outline form, with regional headers or sub headers followed by individual parts. The name of each part or region will become white when the cursor hovers over it. With only one exception, the list is ordered according to the way the parts are introduced in the text. The only exception is the ANORECTAL CANAL, which is grouped with the rest of the FEMALE PELVIC ORGANS. The parts list begins on page 37. It is followed by notes on the creation of specific parts.
**Viewport**

The viewport is the big blue area where the modeled parts are displayed. In the upper right hand corner you will find the usual icons for minimizing or maximizing the size of the window and an X for closing the program.

In the lower left corner you will notice a cube. In the lower right corner of the viewport, you will notice a small rotation icon, which allows two options for moving the model once the desired parts are displayed. In the upper center of the viewport, you will note that, when an anatomical part is left-clicked, its name appears in black text.

**Moving the model:** Moving the model is accomplished by continuously holding down your left mouse button, placing the cursor over a part of the model and moving the cursor.

**Orientation cube:** In the lower left corner of the viewport, you will notice a 3D cube. On each face of the cube there are anatomical directional terms. As you move the model (best to move model rather than attempt to manipulate cube directly), you will notice that the cube moves along with it, showing you the anatomical direction with each change of position. The anatomical directions displayed are:

- Superior (above) or cephalad (in the direction of the head)
- Inferior (below) or caudal (in the direction of the tail)
- Left lateral (the woman’s left side)
- Right lateral (the woman’s right side)
- Anterior (toward the front) or ventral (in the direction of the abdomen)
- Posterior or dorsal (both of which mean in the direction of the back)

The location of the cube is fixed and it cannot be turned off.

**Rotation icon:** The rotation icon allows for two options to move the model.

**Axial rotation:** This is the default option. Movement of the cursor causes the model to move around a central axis. This option allows a great deal of flexibility of positioning while making it relatively easy to maintain a particular posture of the model while it is being rotated and to return the model to an upright position. Skillful use of the mouse still allows a view from almost every angle. This option does not allow you to completely tumble the parts or view the model in a lateral supine position because of the way it moves around a fixed point.

**Spherical rotation:** This option acts as though the model is encased in a clear sphere and allows you to move it in any direction. You can fully rotate and tumble the model into an infinite number of positions. It is more difficult to move the model around while maintaining a particular posture with this option. For this reason, axial rotation is set as the default.

**To switch between rotation options:** Click on the rotation icon, which will switch the rotation option to spherical. Click on it again to switch back to the default (axial rotation).

**Names of anatomical parts:** The names of each anatomical part or region will appear in the upper center of the viewport when the part is selected. This will help ensure that you know what parts you are looking at as you move the model around in the viewport.
**Causing a part name to appear:** Place the cursor on any part of the anatomy of interest and left click. The name of the part (i.e., “uterus” or a phrase describing that part or region, i.e., “clitoral glans, body and crura” [named together because I did not make these separate parts]), will appear in black text in the upper center of the viewport.

**Causing a part name to disappear:** The name or phrase will remain in the viewport until the mouse is clicked again or a new function is performed (i.e., if you go to the list and unclick a part, any name that is visible in the viewport will disappear).

**To see the name of another part:** To see the name of another part, simply move the cursor to the part of interest and left click again. This action will also cause any previously visible name to disappear and be replaced with the name of the currently selected part.

**Naming conventions:** The way names could be applied are limited due to the way the anatomical parts were created. For example, the left and right coxal bones are named as such, whether the pubic bone region is visible or not. Also, the clitoral glans, body and crura are named are grouped because they cannot be displayed as individual parts.

**Selecting/deselecting parts**

**Default setting—view all:** The program opens with all the parts turned on (note that all the check boxes are marked). Note that at the very top of the list, is an option to SHOW ALL/HIDE ALL. Uncheck this box to deselect all the parts (the viewport will be empty). To make all the parts reappear, recheck the SHOW ALL/HIDE ALL box.

**Making parts appear/disappear:** You can display as many or a few parts as you desire.

**Working with regions:** If a regional header is checked (all the subcategory boxes will automatically be checked as well) and you click the box to the left of a single region header, all of the component parts below it will become unchecked and will disappear in the viewport. Note that check marks will also disappear in all the boxes for all the component parts that are listed under the header. You can cause a single part or the entire region to reappear by clicking on its checkbox or its name. When an entire region is selected, you can also uncheck any one of its parts to make only that one part disappear (you cannot turn parts off by clicking on the name, you must use the checkbox).

All subcategories of a part will appear when a header or sub-header is checked. For example, uncheck the box for the regional header FEMALE PELVIS, then check the sub-header “COXAL (HIP) BONES.” Note that all the left and right coxal bones appear in the viewport and that all the component parts are automatically checked below it in the list. If you have deselected certain parts in a region and now wish to view all these regional parts together, the easiest thing to do is to first uncheck the regional header box, which turns all the related parts off, and then recheck the regional header box to turn all the related parts on.

**Isolating one part or region:** If you right click on a checked box, this will cause all the other regions or individual parts to turn off, leaving just the region or individual part you right clicked in the viewport. For example, assuming everything is on, right click on the box for the FEMALE PELVIS region header to cause all the soft tissue parts to disappear, leaving only the complete bony pelvis visible. Or, again assuming everything else is on, right click on the COCCYX box to have
only the coccyx visible and have everything else vanish.

**Working with individual parts:** When an entire region is unchecked, you can select any of its component parts by either checking its box or by clicking on the name of a part, either of which will cause a checkmark to appear in its box and cause the part to appear in the viewport. You will note that checking a component part also causes a checkmark to appear in the regional header box. To quickly turn off the selected component parts, you must uncheck the actual box (clicking on the name will not uncheck its box).

When you want to view one or more parts in isolation, you must remember to turn off all the other parts first. An easy way to do this is to first uncheck SHOW ALL/HIDE ALL and then only check the parts you want to see.

**Displaying the coxal (innominate or hip) bones and central pubic bone region:** Like the newborn skull, the neonatal hip bones start with several osification centers (8 in each hip) that later fuse into a single functional bone. In adults, the coxal bone has three primary fused regions: the ilium (upper portion of the ball joint up to the iliac crest) the ischium (from posterior third of the ball joint to the ischial tuberosity and about one-third of the posterior pubic ramus) and the pubis (anterior third of the ball joint, upper two-thirds of the pubic ramus and anterolateral pelvic brim).

Among the program’s models, the central pubic bone region is a special case, because this is the only instance where the same modeled parts can overlie each other (the left and right sides of the central pubic bone region only overlie the left and right coxal bones with central pubic bone region when all these parts are checked). To properly display these parts, proceed as follows:

**To display the pelvis with the complete left and right coxal bones:** check the FEMALE PELVIS box (it does not matter if the CENTRAL PUBIC BONE REGION sub-header box is selected or not for the complete coxal bones to display properly, but if the CENTRAL PUBIC BONE REGION ONLY sub-header is not selected, you must check the SYMPHYSIS CARTILAGE box if you want to see it). (See the next page, Fig. A, which displays the complete pelvis.)

**To display the pelvis with one or both coxal bones without the central pubic bone region:** uncheck the left and/or right COXAL BONE WITH CENTRAL PUBIC BONE REGION and uncheck the CENTRAL PUBIC BONE REGION sub-header. (See the next page, Fig. B, which displays the sacrum, coccyx and both coxal bones without the central pubic bone region).

**To display the central pubic bone region**
by itself: uncheck the FEMALE PELVIS regional header and then check the CENTRAL PUBIC BONE REGION ONLY sub-header box.

(See Fig. C, above, remember that when any subcategory part is selected, the main regional header and the regional sub-header above it, if any, will automatically be checked as well.)

Transparent parts
The perineal membrane connective tissue parts and the perineal body are partially transparent on your screen because various other parts are embedded within them. The transparency feature is most obvious when embedded parts are also selected, so you can see them through the transparent parts. For example, first uncheck the SHOW ALL/HIDE ALL box and then check the PERINEAL MEMBRANE CONNECTIVE TISSUE COMPLEX header and the URETHROVAGINAL SPHINCTER MUSCLE COMPLEX header to see how the sphincter muscles can be seen through the perineal membrane.

Orientation of parts
All selected parts will appear in their proper resting anatomical posture and location, whether chosen together with others or individually. Thus, the posture of each part is fixed individually as well as how it relates to all the other parts. This ensures that, as you to call up different parts successively, they will always appear in proper relationship to every other part.

Focus
The focus feature centers a particular part on the screen. To activate it, the part or regional header box must first be checked. Then, click on the name (not the box but the words) for that part or its regional header and that part or region will move to the center of the viewport and you will be able to rotate the model around it. For example, if the pelvis has become uncentered in the viewport, it can easily be restored to center by simply clicking on the words of the regional header FEMALE PELVIS. If the part or region is already centered or very close to another part that is centered, the model will not move.
**Reset model location and orientation to the default position:** To restore the default position of the model, which is the position it is in when the program is first opened, just hit the space bar.

**Zooming in and out**
Use your mouse scroll wheel or hold down your right click key and drag to zoom in and out. Move the cursor up to zoom in (enlarge) and down to zoom out (make smaller).

**List of anatomical parts**
This is the list of parts as it appears on the screen. The order of parts matches the order in which the parts are presented in the text, except for the anorectal canal, which is grouped with the other pelvic organs, even though it is discussed after the external anal sphincter is described in the text.

SHOW/HIDE ALL

**FEMALE PELVIS**
- Coccyx
- Sacrum
- Coxal (hip) bones: ilia (sing. ilium), ischia (sing. ischium), pubis
  - Left coxal bone
    - With central pubic bone region
    - Without central pubic bone region
  - Right coxal bone
    - With central pubic bone region
    - Without central pubic bone region
  - Central pubic bone region only
    - Left side
    - Right side
    - Symphysis cartilage

**FEMALE PELVIC ORGANS**
- Bladder and urethra
  - Bladder
  - Urethra
- Vagina (yoni)
- Uterus
- Anorectal canal

**URETHROVAGINAL SPHINCTER MUSCLE COMPLEX**
- Urethral sphincter
- Compressor urethra
- Urethrovaginal sphincter
- Transverse muscle fibers

**PERINEAL MEMBRANE CONNECTIVE TISSUE COMPLEX**
- 3-D part
- Banded part
CLITORAL COMPLEX AND RELATED PARTS
- Clitoral glans, body and crura (sing. crus)
- Clitoral bulbs and root
- Perineal sponge
- Greater vestibular glands
- Greater vestibular ducts
- Clitoral muscles
  - Ischiocavernosus muscles
  - Bulbocavernosus muscles

ADDITIONAL PARTS OF THE UROGENITAL TRIANGLE
- Superficial transverse perineal muscle
- Perineal body

LEVATOR ANI MUSCLE COMPLEX AND RELATED PARTS
- Pubovisceral (pubococcygeal) muscle complex
  - Puboanalis muscle
  - Lateral fibers and tendinous plate of pubococcygeus (pubovisceral) muscle
  - Vaginolevator attachments
  - Puboperinealis muscle
- Puborectalis muscle
- Iliococcygeus muscles
  - Muscle only
    - Add tendinous arch of the levator ani to muscle edges
- Coccygeus (ischiococcygeus) muscles
- Obturator internus muscles
  - Left muscle
    - Overlay left tendinous arch of the levator ani
  - Right muscle
    - Overlay right tendinous arch of the levator ani

EXTERNAL ANAL SPHINCTER
- Winged part
  - U-shaped fibers
  - Wings (left & right)
- Main part
  - Circular fibers
  - Fibers extending to coccyx
- Subcutaneous part
  - Circular fibers
  - Fibers that blend with bulbocavernosus muscle
  - Fibers extending to coccyx
Notes on selected model parts: The parts chosen for this program follow those described in the textbook, although not every part described there is shown here. This was to keep the model simpler and more affordable and so we could focus on the parts best illustrated in a 3D format. Be sure to also read the section entitled “Comments on each vignette” that begins on page 23 for more background information about the creation of the models.

Female pelvis: The other anatomy programs I have seen that attempt to depict female pelvic anatomy (and I have not seen them all so this may not be universally true) display pelvises that look to me like they are slightly altered male types, with narrow sacrosciatic notches and more triangular brims. So, the first thing we created for this project was a true female pelvis, since the location and shape of every other part was dependent on it. Using a half-dozen pelvic models, plus reference to the classic 1975 text MOLOY’S EVALUATION OF THE PELVIS IN OBSTETRICS, 3rd ed. By Charles Steer, Bev Standish of Digital Elf Studios modeled this beautiful gynecoid pelvis, which she says is, by far, the most complexly shaped object she has ever created. It was only after I was fully satisfied with this model that we proceeded to develop the soft tissue parts. You will note that this pelvis has a wide round brim and plenty of space at the outlet; it looks much different than most of the pelvic models that are available for study. This is because most models are based on bone specimens obtained from the developing world from small, immature, or malnourished women because those are the bones most readily available for sale.

Female pelvic organs: The vagina (or yoni) canal is shown dissected at the beginning of the H-shaped region. In life, the walls at the most distal end converge to form a vertically oriented slit. Likewise the urethra is slightly longer than this in life, as it also opens at the level of the vestibular skin. I left the urethra this length to match that of the vaginal (yoni) canal. Both would ordinarily terminate in approximately the same plane as the inferior surface of the clitoral bulbs.

The anal canal is also a bit longer than this in life, as there are layers of tissue that are not depicted in this model that lie between the plane of dissection and the external opening.

Superficial transverse perineal muscle: You will note that some of the vessels of the perineal sponge are anterior to the superficial transverse perineal muscle. I am not absolutely sure if this is accurate, as the perineal sponge in only discussed as such in one text. Therefore, this gives you a general idea of the anatomy, but may not be absolutely precise.

Clitoral bulbs and root: In the text, the clitoral bulbs are illustrated as they are in cadavers, sort of shrunken. In the program, they are depicted as they are described in the latest MRI research on living women. In life, the bulbs fill the space under the pubic arch between the urethral and vaginal canals and the crura of the clitoris. You will note that there is a little space between the crura and the bulbs. This is because the virtual bulbocavernosus muscle has to be thick enough to have two sides, it normally forms a very thin “skin” over the bulbs, but the limitations of the 3D graphics modeling requires that there be a little more thickness than is strictly anatomical.

In life, the clitoral root extends from the bend in the clitoral body to the anterior border of the urethra, filling the anterior vestibular space. This is not explained very well or illustrated in the text.

Perineal sponge: The perineal sponge is only discussed in one feminist writing on female pelvic
anatomy (A NEW VIEW OF A WOMAN’S BODY, by the Federation of Feminist Women’s Health Centers, 1995). It is included here to emphasize that blood vessels that attach to the clitoral bulbs are likely to exist in the perineal body. Also note that the model is a tangle of red tubes that are intended only to represent blood vessels, not precise circulatory anatomy. If you want to eliminate this part from your study, simply turn it off.

**Greater vestibular (Bartholin) glands:** MRI studies (Suh, et al., 2003) have found the greater vestibular glands to arise within the labia minora, at the posterolateral aspects of the yoni introitus in the 4 and 8 o’clock positions, just posterior and caudal to the clitoral bulbs. These glands are about the size of a pea and range from .5 to 1 cm in diameter. Grimes & Chen (2011) describe them as ling immediately under the bulbocavernosus muscles, as they are illustrated in other texts.

**Length of perineal body:** You will also note that the space that would be occupied by the perineal body will seem quite long. Most Caucasian women do not have such long perineums, although this length is within normal range.

**Lateral fibers and tendinous plate of the pubococygeal muscle:** These fibers are shown in a light blue color and created as a separate part as a matter of computer limitations. These, in fact, are the only fibers that reach from the pubic bone all the way to the coccyx. In life, these fibers are continuous with the fabric of the puboanalis muscle.

**External anal sphincter models:** These parts have fibers that run in such different directions that it proved easiest for the modeler to divide each part into sections, even though the fibers of each of the three main parts are continuous in life.

**Space between the external anal sphincter and coccyx:** You will note that the distance between the external anal sphincter and the coccyx seems quite long. Since I wanted the most ideal gynecologic pelvis we could come up with, this space is naturally quite a bit longer than that in most plastic pelvic models you are probably used to studying, because most of the available models are not ideal gynecoid pelvises. Note that when the sacrum is longer, this distance is naturally made shorter; in this model the sacrum is depicted as short and wide with an average inclination, which is its classically described shape and angle in a gynecoid pelvis. It also has four, rather than five foramina (either is normal), which makes it shorter as well.
STUDYING WITH THE 3D ANATOMY PROGRAM

There are many ways you can use this tool to enhance your learning experience. After you have experimented with the nuts and bolts of how the program works, I recommend that you start your study by first turning all the parts off (uncheck SHOW ALL/HIDE ALL). Then, go down the list and turn each part on one by one. Once it is on the screen, click on the speaker icon to hear how that part name is pronounced. Use the zoom feature to enlarge small parts. Rotate each part. This will help you get familiar with each part and how it looks. You can do this all at once, or by sections as you move through the Anatomy portion of the book.

As you read the Anatomy section of HEALING PASSAGE, you can go down the list and check each individual part listed under the respective regional header, calling each part up successively as you study it in the text. Then, turn off the preceding parts and move on to the next regional header. Periodically turn on the pelvis to see how parts sit in relation to the bones. This way, you will build the parts in relationship to themselves, as they are also illustrated in the text. The relevant page numbers for most of the parts displayed are listed below. The only part that is not discussed at all in HEALING PASSAGE is the uterus, which is included in this program for completeness. The uterus is covered in depth in my HOLISTIC MIDWIFERY, VOL II. The PDF file on the DVD of the anatomy portion of the book has been modified to exclude information that is not directly related to the anatomy section. Therefore the page numbers are not the same as those in the text. For this reason, page numbers for this file are included in parentheses below. You may note that some of the drawings in that file include a thin straight longitudinal line to the right of the illustration. This is an artifact of PDF conversion and should be ignored. These lines disappear when the page is printed out. If you are having trouble reading the file on screen, zoom in and the type should become more crisp.

• Pelvic bones, pp. 31-32 (23-24)
• Bladder, pp. 40-41 (32-33)
  • Urethra, pp. 42-45 (33-37)
• Vagina (yoni), pp. 45-54 (37-44)
• Urethrovaginal sphincter muscle complex, pp. 53-57 (45-49)
  • Urethral sphincter, pp. 54-55 (46-47)
  • Compressor urethra, pp. 55 (47)
  • Urethrovaginal sphincter, pp. 55-56 (47-48)
  • Transverse muscle fibers, p. 56 (48)
• Perineal membrane connective tissue complex, pp. 57-60 (49-52)
  • 3D part, pp. 58-59 (50-51)
  • Banded part, pp. 59-60 (51-52)
• Clitoral complex, pp. 60-70 (52-59)
  • Clitoral body, glans and crura, pp. 61-64 (53-56)
  • Greater vestibular glands and ducts, pp. 64-65 (56-57)
  • Clitoral bulbs and root, pp. 65-67 (57-59)
  • Perineal sponge, p. 67 (59)
• Clitoral muscles:
- Ischiocavernosus muscles, p. 68 (60)
- Bulbocavernosus muscles, p. 69-70 (61-62)

- Additional parts of the urogenital triangle
  - Superficial transverse perineal muscle, p. 68 (60)
  - Perineal body, pp. 70-74 (62-66)
- Levator ani muscle complex, pp. 75-93 (67-85)
  - Obturator internus muscles, p. 79 (71)
  - Pubovisceral muscle, pp. 81-82 (73-74)
  - Puboanalis muscle, pp. 83-84 (75-76)
  - Vaginolevator attachments, pp. 84-85 (76-77)
  - Puboperinealis muscle, p. 85 (77)
  - Pubococcygeus fibers (lateral fibers and tendinous plate of the pubococcygeus muscle), pp. 85-86 (77-78)
- Puborectalis muscle, pp. 86-87 (78-79)
- Urogenital hiatus, pp. 87-88 (79-80)
- Anococcygeal ligament or raphe, pp. 89-90 (81-82)

(To build the anococcygeal ligament by itself first, clear the screen by unchecking the SHOW ALL/HIDE ALL box. Select the regional header for the FEMALE PELVIS. Then, under the LEVATOR ANI MUSCLE COMPLEX select the LATERAL FIBERS AND TENDINOUS PLATE OF THE PUBOCOCCYGEUS and the ILIOCOCCYGEUS MUSCLES. Under the EXTERNAL ANAL SPHINCTER select under the main part, FIBERS EXTENDING TO COCCYX and under the subcutaneous part, FIBERS EXTENDING TO COCCYX. Rotate the model to look down through the brim to see the pubococcygeal contribution to the anococcygeal ligament.)
- Iliococcygeus muscles, pp. 88-89 (80-81)
• Coccygeus/ischiococcygeus muscles, p. 92 (84)
• External anal sphincter, pp. 94-110 (89-93)
  • Winged part, pp. 98-99 (90-91)
  • Main part, pp. 99-100 (91-92)
  • Subcutaneous part, p. 100 (92)

(To properly display the external anal sphincter complex, uncheck SHOW ALL/HIDE ALL. Then check FEMALE PELVIS, under CLITORAL COMPLEX check bulbocavernosus muscle and then check the EXTERNAL ANAL SPHINCTER header.)

• Anorectal canal (located under the regional header FEMALE PELVIC ORGANS), pp. 101-105 (93-99)
• Postanal space, p. 101 (93)

(To see the postanal space, select VIEW ALL/HIDE ALL. Turn the pelvis to one side [lateral view]. The empty space between the fibers extending to the coccyx and the puboanalis and ischiococcygeus muscles is the postanal space. The location of the postanal space is illustrated on the previous page of this manual.)

Once you have finished studying each group of parts separately, you can start experimenting with how the regional parts are situated in relationship to the other regions by choosing adjacent regional headers and rotating the model to view it from different angles.

**BIBLIOGRAPHY**

The very brief bibliography included here gives the reference information for citations that are specifically mentioned in this manual. For complete bibliographical information, please see the list included at the end of the anatomy section of the text.


ABOUT THE GRAPHICS DESIGNER AND GAMING PROGRAMERS

I can highly recommend both Digital Elf Studios and Tinderbox Entertainment for other projects involving this kind of teaching aid. Bev Standish was wonderful to work with, very patient and dedicated to rendering the anatomical parts correctly (http://digitalelfstudios.com). Kyle Rhone and his crew did a great job with programming and incorporated many tricks to make the program easier to use (http://tinderboxentertainment.com/). I have been very pleased with working with both these companies and they are quite willing to do more work along this line.